Creating A Machine Shop Franchise Template

This contract shop applies basic franchising concepts to maximize efficiency in all aspects of its business. Its intent is not to sow multiple franchise locations, but rather to make its sole facility perform as predictably and profitably as possible.

By DEREK KORN

It's no mystery how fast food chains can build, equip, staff and then open new locations for business in the blink of an eye. These turnkey business systems are based on a proven, predictable franchise template.

A successful franchise template requires utmost efficiency of equipment, processes and management to enable quick and easy replication at another location. In addition, standard practices must be established, and a substantial knowledge base must be made available to the entire workforce. This will allow workers of nearly any skill level not only to learn new job duties in short order, but also carry out those responsibilities without significant management handholding. This concept is detailed in a book written by Michael Gerber called “The E-Myth Revisited” (in this case, the “E” stands for entrepreneurial, not electronic).

There is considerable value in looking at how this might be applied to the business of producing machined parts, even if a shop has no intention of opening another location. The idea is to get that single location as close to “fast food” speed and efficiency levels as possible to best meet customers’ JIT and quick delivery needs.

This concept is successfully being applied at Pro CNC in scenic Bellingham, Washington. Pro CNC’s management and shop workers continuously seek new ways to increase shop efficiency, as any company would in developing its franchise template. Pro CNC’s comprehensive shop management system—an open, Web-based system of its own design—makes readily available all information that a worker may need to set up a job, run a machine or inspect parts. It also tracks every aspect of the manufacturing process from purchase order to part shipment in real time.

Though Pro CNC certainly isn’t to the point of having a parts “drive-thru” on the side of its building, the shop has thrived by striving to reach such a level of part-making proficiency.

Efficiency In Motion

Before starting their business, the founders of Pro CNC studied together at Western Washington University, where they joined the school’s Vehicle Research Institute (VRI). According to Paul Van Metre, Pro CNC’s vice president, they not only designed and built many award-winning Formula SAE-style racecars at VRI, but they also learned a great deal about machine tools and machining processes.

Racecar designs are inherently efficient. Pro CNC applied the concept of design efficiency to its machine shop, which melds lean manufacturing concepts such as 5S (workplace organization) and kaizen (continuous improvement), as well as a variety of setup reduction techniques. A shop tour with Mr. Van Metre revealed numerous examples of how Pro CNC has integrated both standardization and design efficiency into its manufacturing processes.

■ Machine layout—When determining the layout of its new 10,000-square-foot facility a few years back, Pro CNC worked with a lean manufacturing consultant to help devise a machine layout that would best match its desire for quick throughput of small part lots. Because many of the parts that the shop produces for its aerospace, medical and sporting goods customers flow between two or more machines, the machine layout needed to allow fluid, efficient worker motion. Rather than establishing cells, the company arranged its machines in rows, and spaced the machines less than 10 feet apart. This minimizes operator walking distance for jobs that might flow between any combination of machines, but it doesn’t make the shop floor so cramped that workers are bumping into each other. In order to power auxiliary equipment such as a vacuum table, 120-, 220- and 480-volt electrical outlets are provided at every machine.
and measured using a Trimos presetter at the shop’s tool presetting station. After installation into the toolholder and measurement, each tool is given a unique identification number. The tool’s measurements are then entered into the shop management system at the presetting station’s computer and stored in a virtual tool caddy that corresponds to the actual wooden tool caddy. An operator can then easily download the proper offset files from the virtual caddy to the machine control after tool installation into the machine.

The tool presetting station is a model of efficiency, featuring a healthy mix of organizational “little things” that make the process of installing tools much quicker (See the photo on the following page).

Knowledge Base

Pro CNC currently has as many computers as it does employees—30. In addition to the office and engineering department, computers are located at every CNC machine tool, the tool presetting station, the vise assembly area, the shop leader’s job scheduling and monitoring station, and the shipping department.

All computers are networked to allow access to the shop’s Web-based shop management system. The system acts as the shop’s central nervous system, tracking virtually every aspect of production in real time. It looks and works similarly to a Web site or company intranet and only requires the Windows Internet Explorer browser for access. Two of its key strengths in terms of the franchise template concept are the ability to provide an open knowledge base and instant employee communication. Shopfloor workers and managers can find information about virtually every aspect of a job and also enter information that might be helpful to others in the shop.

According to Mr. Van Metre, Pro CNC developed its own Web-based system for ease of expansion and the ability to run the system on any number of computers without paying per individual seat of software. Here are just a few ways that the shop management system facilitates communication between all employees.

Common knowledge—A searchable, global knowledge base allows workers to perform a keyword search (just as one would using an Internet search engine such as Google) to find an answer to particular problems they might be experiencing (plastic parts chipping, for example). Workers can also add to this knowledge base if they think they have information that will be of value to others. Such an open and available pool of information means that an experienced worker who leaves the company won’t be taking tribal knowledge along with his or her toolbox. The system also offers thread-based messaging, similar to public web sites, which is another way employees can communicate with one another.

Complete instructions—All information required to set up, run a job and inspect parts is included in the job’s setup page. This may be a combination of text instructions, photos and video. The instructions contain what might be considered obvious information (such as when to blow off chips or when to check for part features) to allow quick ramp-up for a person new to that particular job. The job’s CAD/CAM programmer will typically document these steps during a job’s first part run.

Auto messaging—The shop management system is set up to automatically send messages to shop workers or management when tasks are completed or problems arise. Such instances include the moment a new job is assigned to a CAD/CAM programmer, a machining task is over budget, a job is complete and ready to be shipped, or a machine is scheduled for routine maintenance.

Documentation—All documentation that must be included with a job upon delivery to the customer is automatically generated when the shipping department produces the job’s packing slip. Pro CNC asks its customers to fill out a customer profile which, among other things, lists the documentation they require with their parts. Such documentation might include first-article inspection, in-process quality data, material certification, certification of conformance and so on.

Scheduling—Every job is tracked in real time. So as each part is completed, a progress bar for that job shortens accordingly on a scheduling page. When a job is completed, the job in queue automatically drops in place in the schedule. By knowing the schedule down to the hour often many days in advance, management can accurately schedule work weeks or months ahead of time.

Making It Easier

Workers on the shop’s kaizen team spend about 20 percent of each day dedicated to shop improvement activities. A kaizen problem/solution board, located near the shop entrance, provides means for workers to identify an efficiency bottleneck, offer a possible solution and also rank the solution in terms of cost versus payback. “Obviously, the problems that offer highest payback with lowest cost are attacked first,” says Mr. Van Metre.

Another way the shop tries to make it easier on its employees is by providing an equipped kitchen and subsidized lunch. Each Monday, a worker will shop for foodstuffs for that week. The shop also tries to make life easier for new and existing customers. Its Web site, for example, is comprehensive, yet easy to navigate. It does more than just provide a list of the company’s machine tools; it gives visitors a good idea of what Pro CNC’s overall capabilities are and what the company is all about. Pro CNC also provides a toll-free phone number that is derived from the shop’s name for easy recall.

The shop is going on 8 years in operation, and Mr. Van Metre admits there still is work to be done. Perhaps if the owners do get their company close to running on autopilot, as any franchise should, they will finally be able to build the car designs floating around in their heads.